

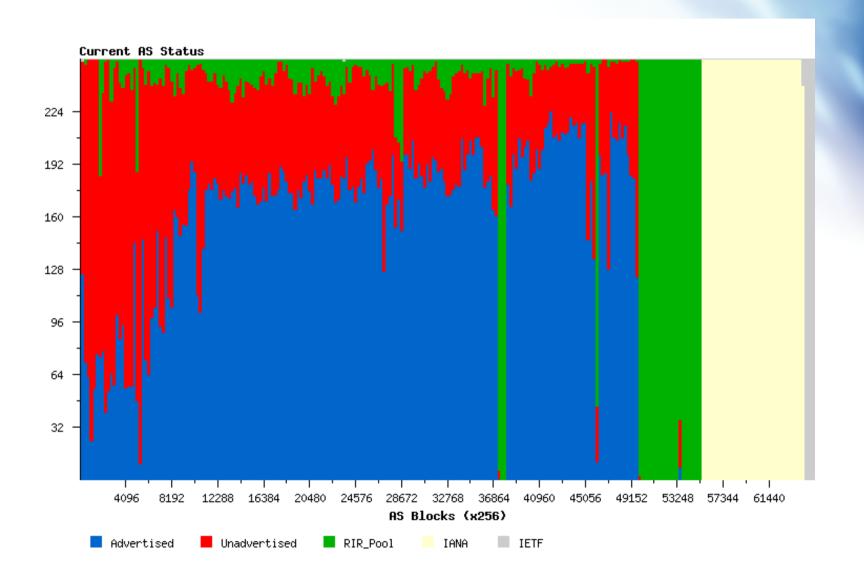
Geoff Huston
January2010
APNIC



Introduction

- Presenters
 - Nurul Islam Roman
 - nurul@apnic.net

16-bit AS Number Map

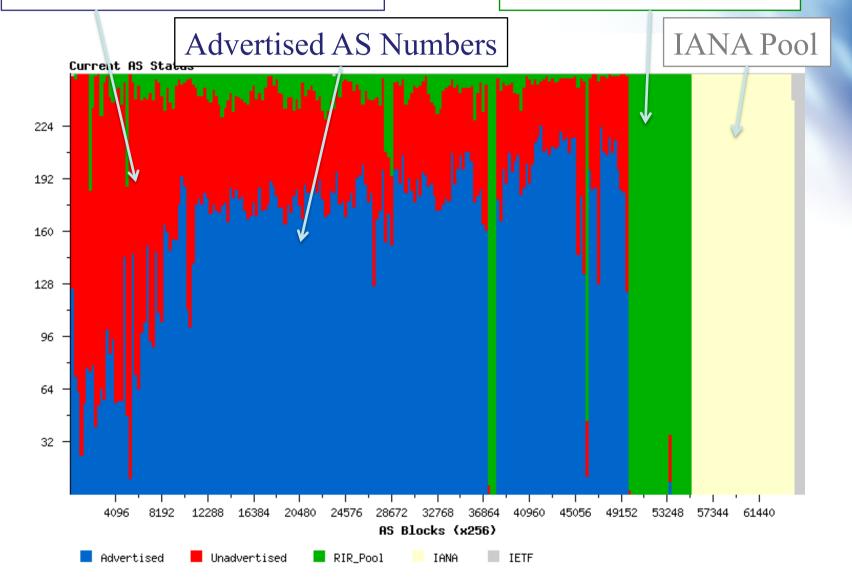




16-bit AS Number Map

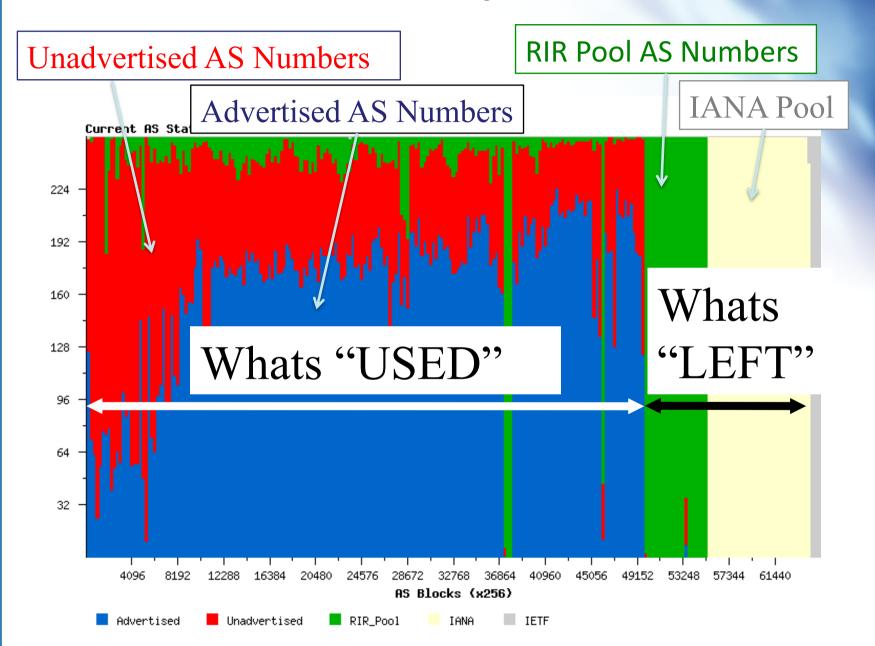


RIR Pool AS Numbers



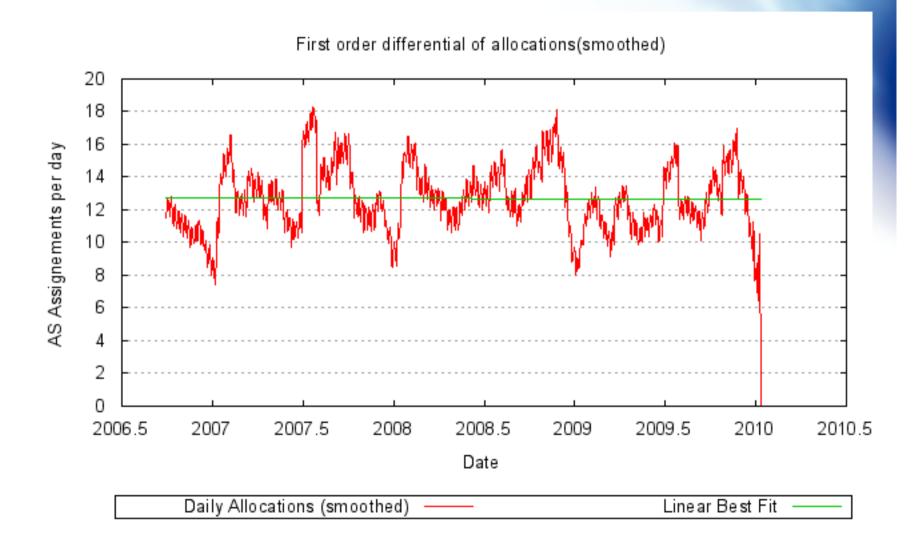


16-bit AS Number Map



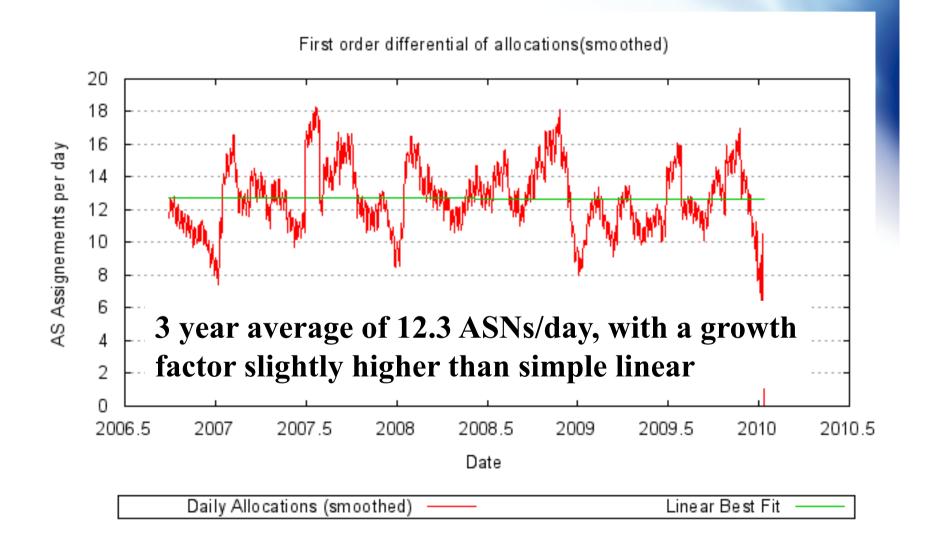


Consumption Rate



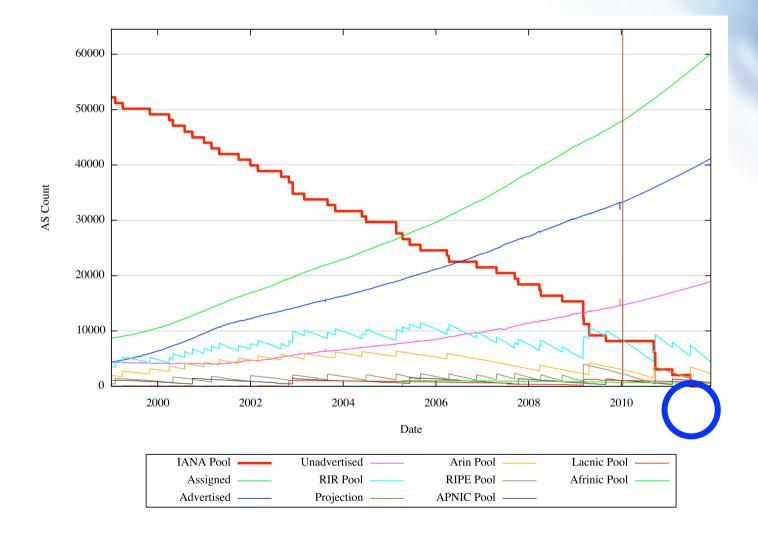


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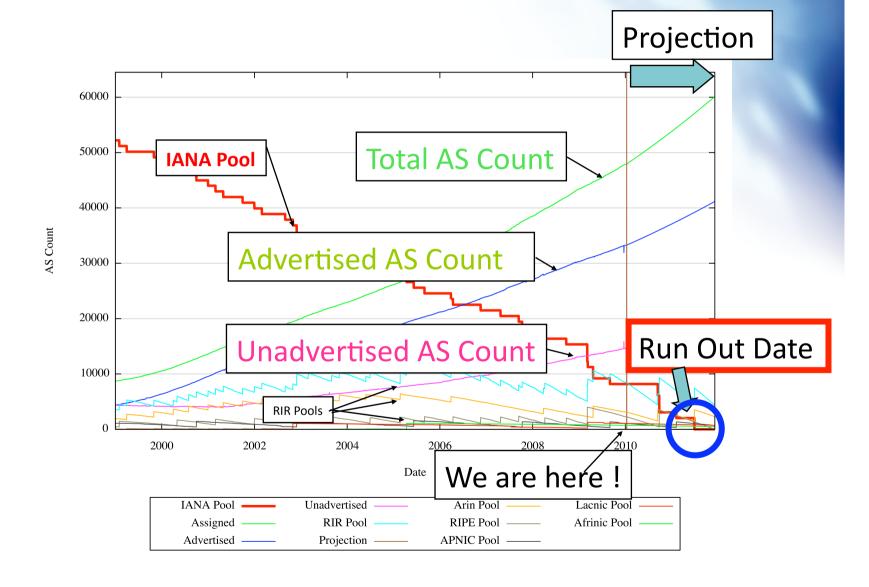


How long have we got?





How long have we got?



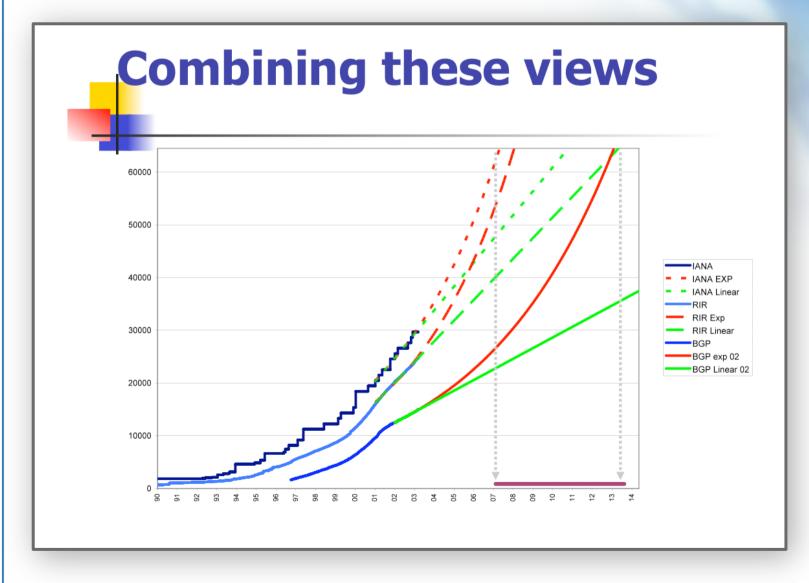


16-bit AS Number Exhaustion

- We are exhausting the 16-bit AS Number pool
 - IANA will allocate its last AS number block in
 March 2011
 - RIPE will exhaust its 16 bit AS Number pool in
 December 2011

See http://www.potaroo.net/tools/asns

This is not exactly news!





2003 Projection

Current AS Forecast



 The available AS number pool will exhaust in the timeframe of 2009-2011 if current AS use trends continue

2009

- no significant reclamation in old AS number space
- No coordinated effort to increase utilization density of AS numbers

2011

reclamation and increased deployment efficiency



The Agenda for AS Transition

Developed in 2004 as a 4 step process:

1. IETF to complete BGP Standards to support transition mechanisms to 32-bit AS numbers

```
~2 years
```

- 2. RIRs to start making 32-bit AS numbers available ~½ year
- 3. Vendors to provide 32-bit AS number capable BGP implementations

```
~1 year
```

- 4. BGP networks to commence deployment
 - ready for deployment by 2008!

1. IETF Standards Activity

- 4-Byte AS Specification
 - Initial draft prepared in Feb 2001
 - Change BGP Attribute Definitions to extend AS components from 16 to 32 bits
 - Change BGP OPEN message to include capability negotiation for peer 4 byte support
 - Carry 32-bit AS path across 16-bit AS domains using new opaque transitive attribute (AS4 PATH)
 - Transition mechanism via translation and tunneling that allows piecemeal introduction of 4-byte AS numbers into the Internet
 - Specification ready for publication in late 2005
- IANA 32 bit AS number registry created in November 2006
- RFC 4893 published in May 2007

The Agenda for AS Transition

- 1. IETF to complete B 2007 tandards to support transition 4893 chanisms to 32-bit AS numbers
- 2. RIRs to start making 32-bit AS numbers available
- 3. Vendors to provide 32-bit AS number capable BGP implementations
- 4. BGP networks to commence deployment

2. RIR ASN Allocation Policy

- Globally coordinated policy proposal 2005 / 2006
- Intended to avoid surprises and disappointment during the run-out of the 16-bit AS number space
- State clear milestones for vendors, ISPs and network admins for 32-bit ASN uptake
- Phased transition to the 32-bit AS number pool:
 - 2007 32 bit ASNs available upon request
 - 2009 32 bit ASNs available by default
 - 2010 transition projected to be complete

The Agenda for AS Transition

- 1. IETF to complete proport transition 4993 than 1993 tandards to support transition 4993 tandards to 32-bit AS numbers
- 2. RIRs to start makin 2006 bit AS numbers avail 32 bit AS
- 3. Vendors to provide 32-bit AS number capable BGP implementations
- 4. BGP networks to commence deployment

3. Vendor Support in BGP

Name	Version	Notation
Alcatel-Lucent SR OS ₽	7.0	asplain
Arbor Peakflow SPr&	5.5	asplain
BIRD ₽	1.0.12	asplain
Brocade (Foundry) IronWare ₺	4.0.00 for the NetIron MLX and XMR, 2.8.00 for the BigIron RX	asdot, asdot+, asplain
Cisco IOS d	12.0(32)S12, 12.0(32)SY8, 12.2(33)SXI1, 12.4(24)T	asdot (asplain planned for future)
Cisco IOS XE&	2.3	asplain (asdot optional)
Cisco IOS XR &	3.4(1)	asdot (asplain planned for 3.9)
Cisco NX-OS ₽	4.0(1)	asdot (asplain planned for 4.1(3))
ExtremeXOS ₽	Need Information	Need Information
Juniper JUNOS d P	9.1R1	asplain (asdot optional)
Juniper JUNOSe d	4.1.0	asplain
Force10 FTOS ₽	7.7.1.0	asplain (asdot, asdot+ optional)
OpenBGPD ₽	4.2, patches for 3.9 and 4.0	asdot
Quagga 🗗	0.99.10, patches for 0.99.6 and other versions	asplain
Redback SEOS ₽	2.0	ascolon (asplain planned for end of 2009)

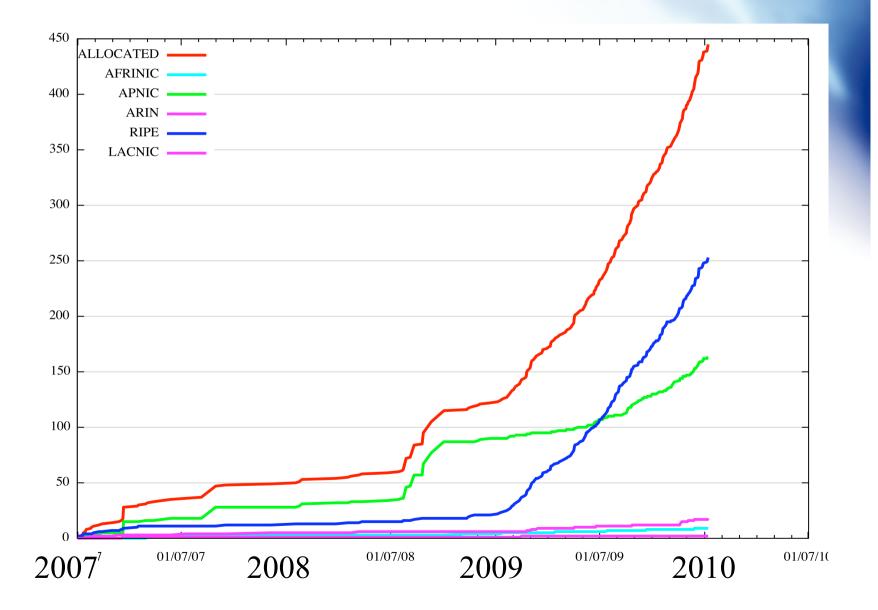


The Agenda for AS Transition

- 1. IETF to complete Standards to support transition mechanisms to 32-bit AS numbers
- 2. RIRs to start making 2-bit AS numbers available AS policy as a contract of the contract of
- 3. Vendors to try gathering pace:

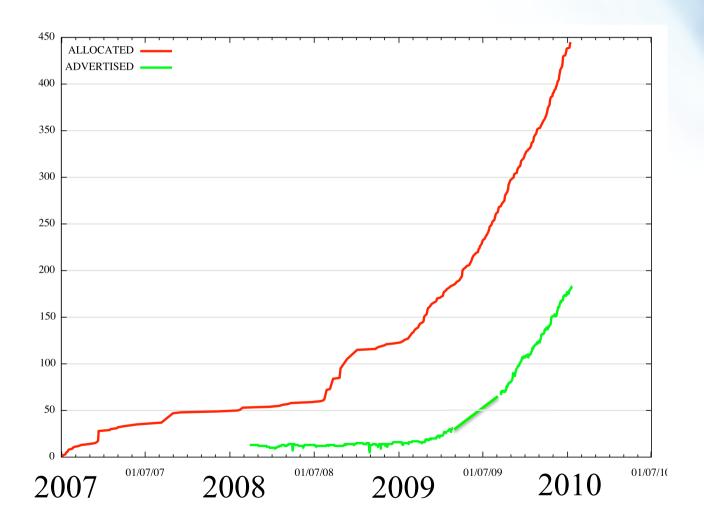
 capable BGP intplementations
- 4. BGP networks to commence deployment

RIR Allocation Data of 32-bit AS's





32-bit ASNs in BGP





32-bit ASN Deployment

Allocation status as of January 2010:

Advertised: 183

- Unadvertised: 262

In 2009 the RIRs allocated 4,761 ASNs

- 4,445 were 16-bit ASNs
- 316 were 32 bit ASNs

The Agenda for Transition

- 1. IETF to complete Standards to support transition mechanisms to 32-bit AS numbers
- 2. RIRs to stastpolisking 32-bit AS numbers
- available

 3. Vendocute 2500 ice 32-bit AS number capable BGP implementations

 4. BGP netagging commence deployment

How can we assist with 32-bit AS deployment?

- Information and education
 - Keep the community informed
 - Address some common misunderstandings about 4 byte AS numbers
- Supply chain pressure
 - Add 4 byte AS support to your "mandatory to support" in your next BGP purchase

AS Path Semantics in BGP

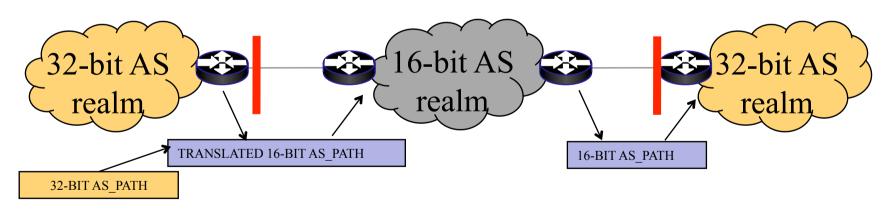
- It's a <u>path metric</u> where the length of the AS Path is used as in path selection
- It's a <u>loop detector</u> where the presence of your own AS in a PATH is an indicator of a distance-vector "I'm-going-to-loop-to-infinity-unless-you-stop-me" loop

You don't have to have an **entirely** accurate AS Path – but at a minimum you do have to have path-metric and loop-detecting properties for BGP to function correctly

- Think about this space as a set of NEW / OLD boundaries
- Define the NEW / OLD and the OLD / NEW transitions
- Preserve all BGP information at the transition interfaces
 - **Translate** 32-bit AS Path information into a 16-bit representation
 - Tunnel 32-bit AS Path information through 16-bit AS domain as an update attribute



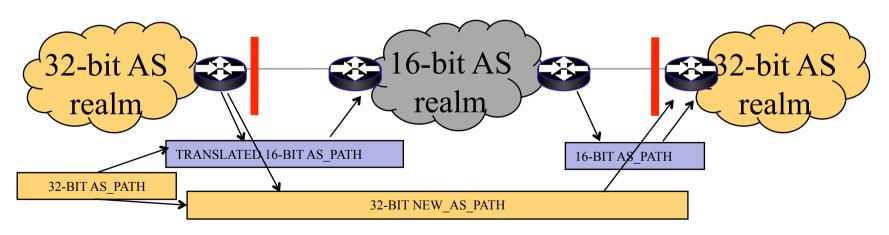
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TRANSLATE all 32-bit-only AS numbers to **AS23456**



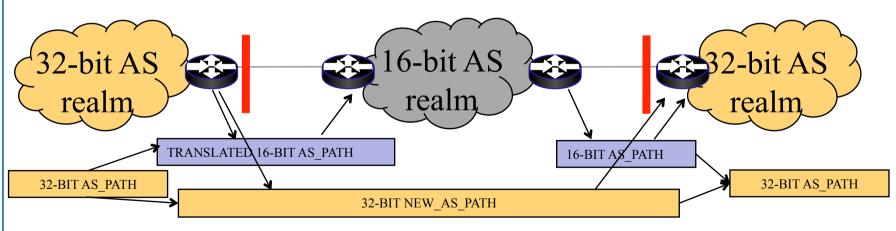
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COPY 32-bit AS PATH to NEW AS PATH

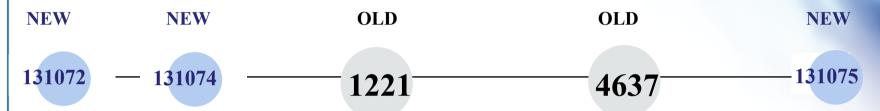


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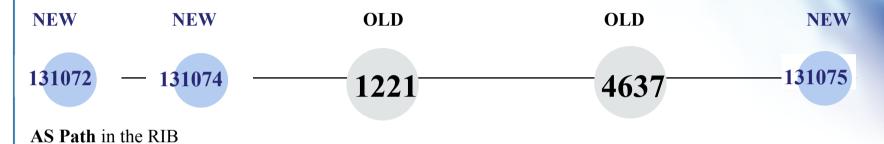
REASSEMBLE 32-bit AS_PATH

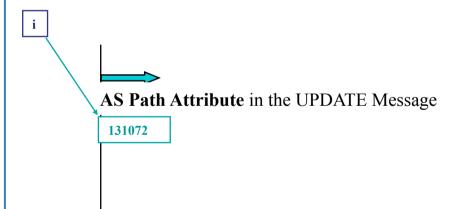




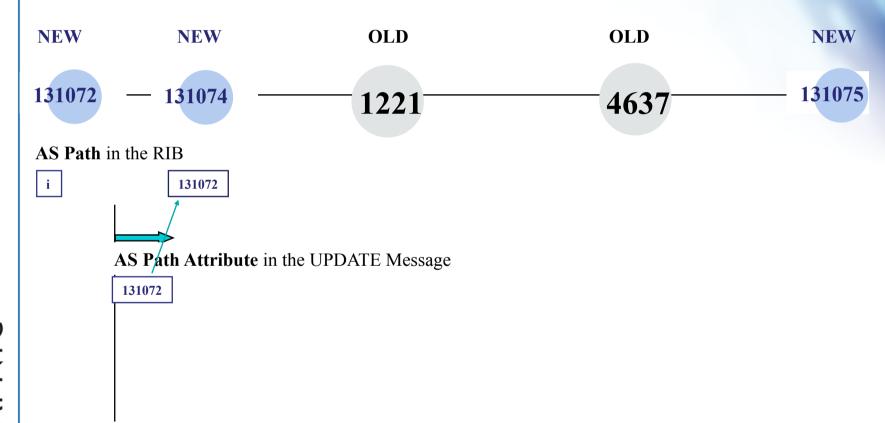
AS Path in the RIB

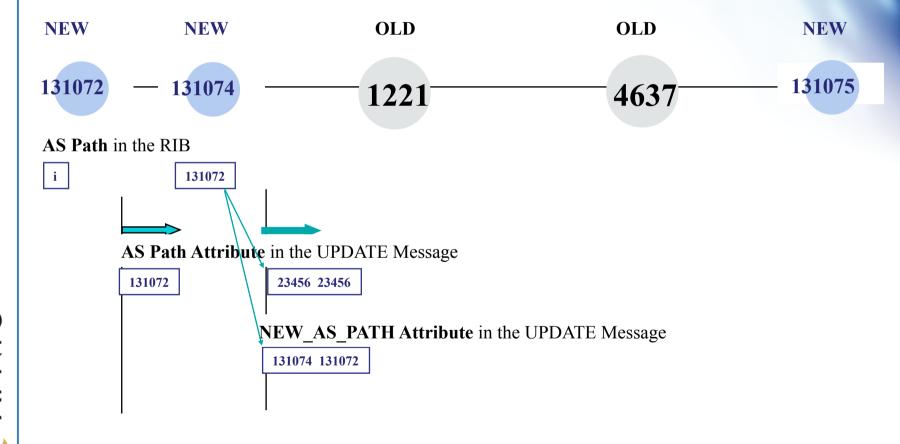


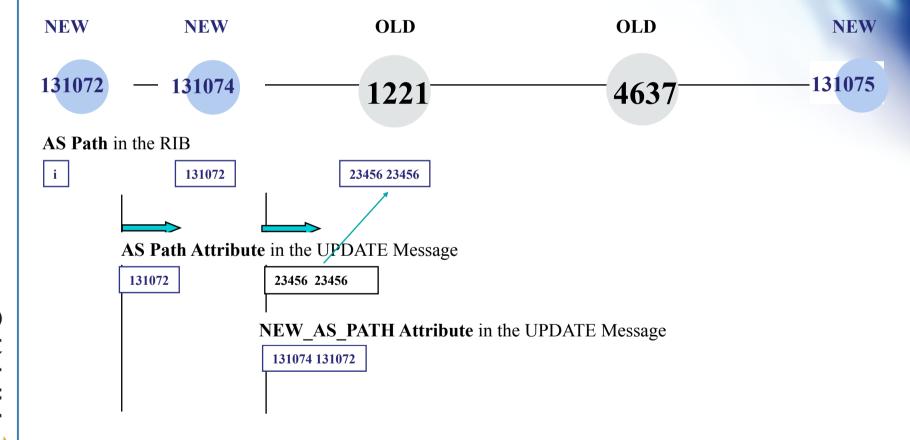


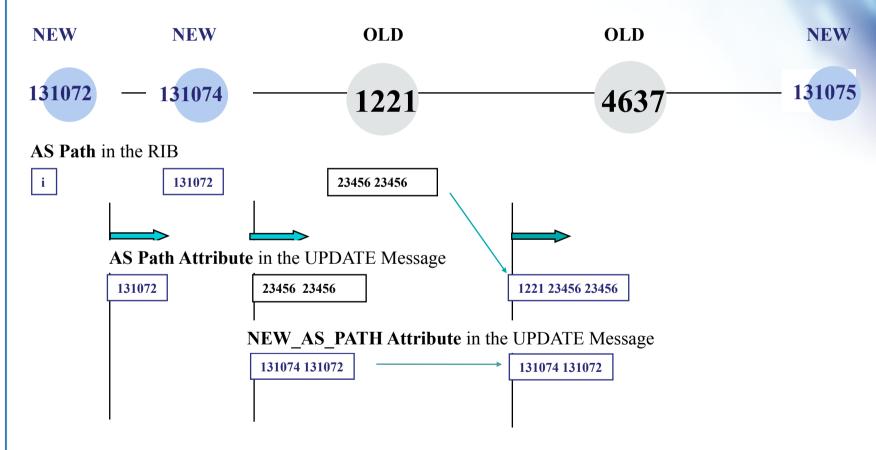




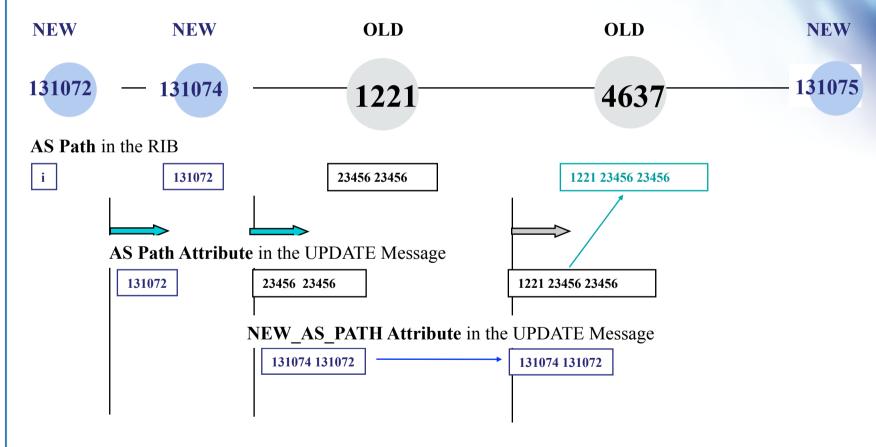






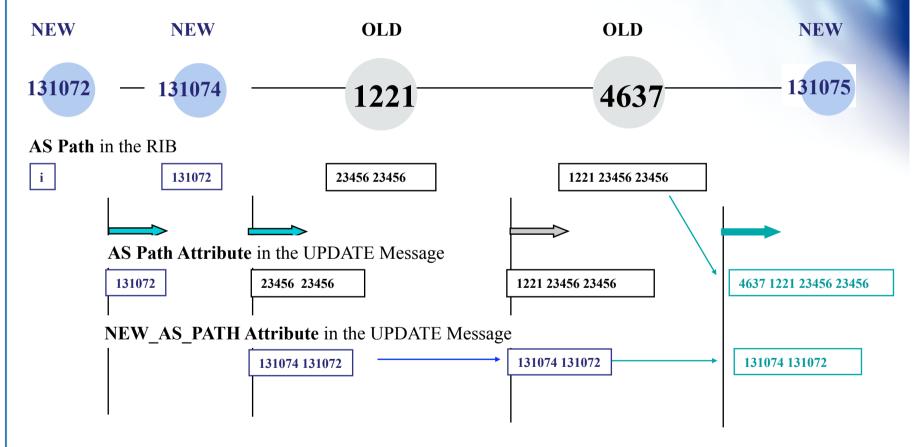






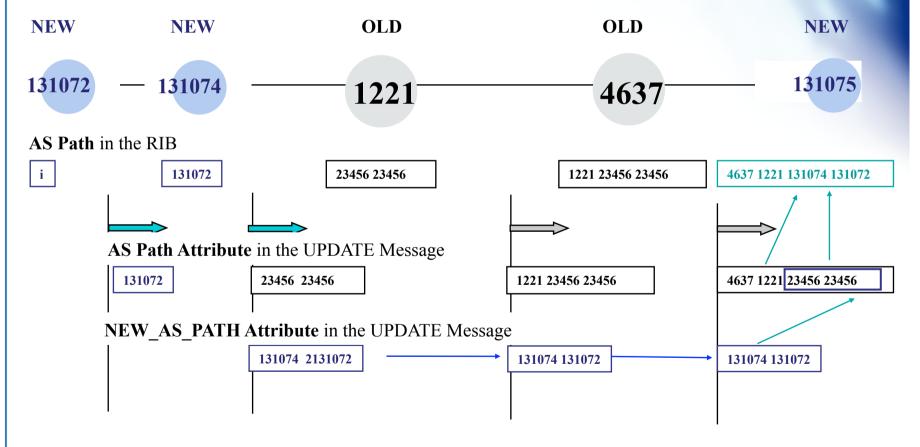


32-bit / 16-bit BGP Example



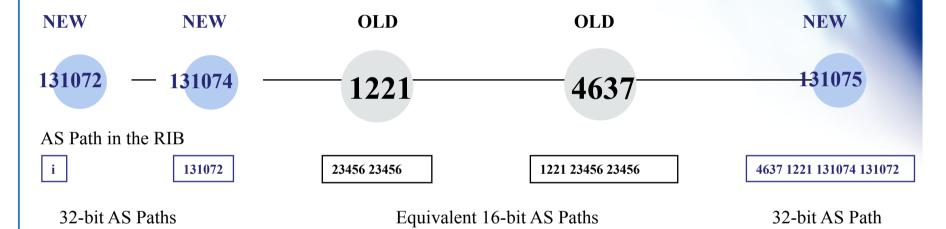


32-bit / 16-bit BGP Example



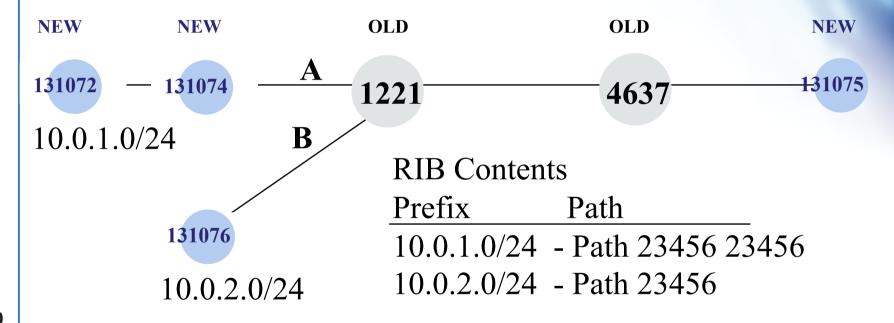


32-bit / 16-bit BGP Example

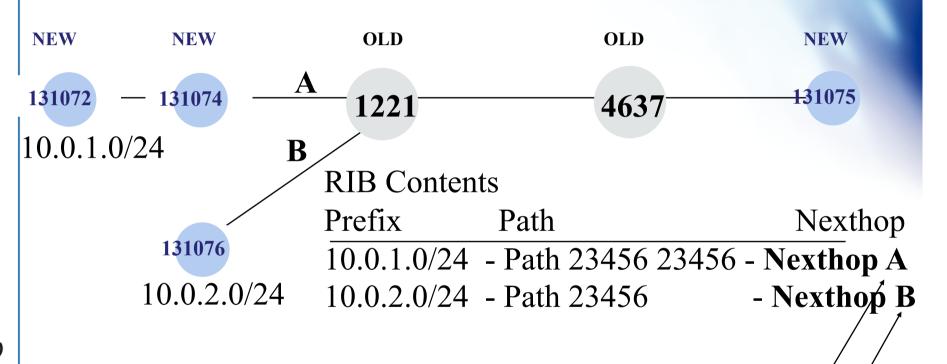




Can old-BGP get Confused?



NO! BGP Nexthop is the key!



This is standard BGP behaviour – nothing changes here for BGP as it is used today

Traffic from AS 1221 to 10.0.1.0/24 will be forwarded on interface A Traffic from AS 1221 to 10.0.2.0/24 will be forwarded on interface B



NEW_AS_PATH Attribute

- BGP speakers in 16-bit AS domains should support NEW_AS_PATH as a transitive optional attribute in UPDATE messages
 - because that's where the 32-bit path is hiding
 - That's a "SHOULD" not a "MUST", by the way
 - Its better if you do, but nothing fatally breaks if you don't
 - Mixed 2 / 4 Byte loops will get detected in the 16-bit world as a fallback

Default BGP configurations will do the right thing here

NEW_AGGREGATOR Attribute

- BGP speakers in 16-bit AS domains should support NEW_AGGREGATOR as a transitive optional attribute in UPDATE messages
 - because that's where the 32-bit Aggregator AS is hiding
 - That's a "SHOULD" not a "MUST", by the way
 - Its better if you do, but nothing fatally breaks if you don't

Default BGP configurations should do the right thing here

AS 23456

- AS 23456 is going to appear in many 16-bit AS paths
 - both origin and transit

This is not an error – it's a 16-bit token holder for a 32-bit AS number

Netflow and Sflow

- Netflow analyzers may need to be reviewed
 - Netflow version 9 supports 32-bit AS numbers
 - But may not report the 32-bit ASN unless the netflow collector is a 32-bit BGP
 - Does your analyzer support 32-bit AS numbers?
 - Netflow version 8 and earlier are 16-bit AS constrained
 - Which implies that you'll be seeing AS 23456 more than you may want!
- Sflow
 - Appears to define a source and dest AS using a 32 bit field
 - So it should be ok!

BGP Communities

 If you want to explicitly signal to a 32-bit AS using communities in BGP then you will need to explicitly signal the 32-bit AS using BGP Extended

Communities

 Attempting to use AS 23456 in this context will have unintended consequences!

See:

- RFC 4630
- RFC 5568

BGP Memory requirements

- BGP memory requirements will increase
 - 32-bit BGP speakers will need twice the memory used to hold AS paths¹
 - 16-bit BGP speakers will need up to three times the memory used to hold AS paths plus NEW_AS_PATH extended community attribute²
 - 30,000 unique AS paths with an average length of 4 implies an additional memory requirement of 240Kb for 32-bit BGP and up to a further 480Kb for 16-bit BGP

^{1 -} Not "twice the memory" but "twice the memory used for AS Path storage"

^{2 –} Not "three times the memory", but "three times the memory used for AS Path Storage"

Operational Support Systems

What happens when you have a customer / transit / peer with a 32-bit AS Number?

- What's in the route registries and what your customers tell you about their AS and what's in your OSS and your routing system will differ:
 - E.g.: AS 65538 needs to be auto-translated into AS 23456 in a number of places, including in your OSS
 - Your BGP routers may need to peer with AS 23456, transit across AS 23456, and have multiple customers on AS 23456 at the same time, while also understanding that these refer to different external parties

Related Systems

 Anything that wants to manipulate AS numbers, including your local support systems, scripts and databases

1. Someone out there is using 4 byte AS numbers. Do I have to upgrade my BGP to support 4-byte AS numbers in order to reach the prefixes that they are announcing?

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NO!

2. My customers / peers/ upstreams are using 4-byte AS numbers. Do I have to upgrade my BGP to support 4-byte AS numbers?

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NO!

3. Can I use communities for 4-byte ASNs?

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YES and NO

- 3. Can I use communities for 4-byte ASNs?
 - NO if your BGP does not support RFC5668
 - because there is only a 2 byte field for the ASN in the conventional BGP community
 - You need to use a BGP extended community to define a set of communities for 4-byte origin and target AS values
 - This is specified in RFC5668
 - Ask your vendor when they will be supporting BGP extended communities with 4-byte ASNs – RFC5668
 - YES if your BGP supports RFC5668

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Common Questions

4. Is Internet about to crash and die?

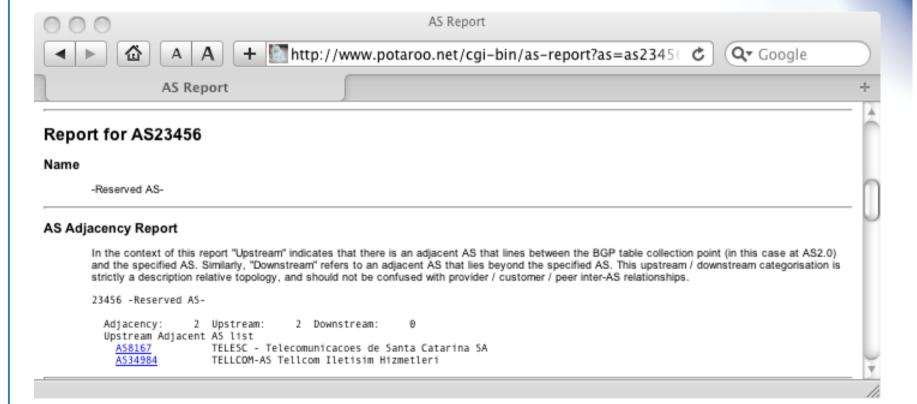
4. I see AS 23456 in a 4-byte AS path — Is the Internet about the crash and die?

Calm down!

4. I see AS 23456 in a 4-byte AS path — Is the Internet about the crash and die?

It may be abnormal, but its not fatal

4. I see AS 23456 in a 4-byte AS path — Is the Internet about the crash and die?





32-bit ASN Resources

IETF Specifications

RFC4893 – the 4-byte AS specification

draft-ietf-idr-rfc4893bis – working document that adds some further clarity and error handling to the specification

Documentation

Exploring AS Numbers - Internet Protocol Journal, Vol 9, No 1

(http://www.cisco.com/web/about/ac123/ac147/archived issues/ipj 9-1/autonomous system numbers.html)

Reports and Resources

The AS Reports

http://www.potaroo.net/tools/asn16/

http://www.potaroo.net/tools/asn32/

ISP Resource Wiki for ASNs

http://as4.cluepon.net



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Thank you!